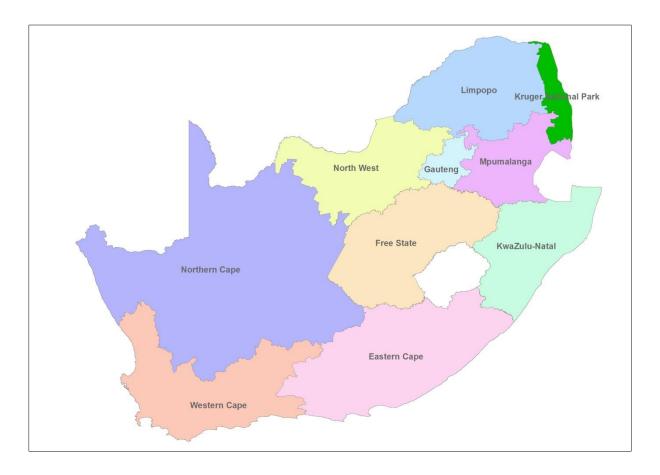
# Animal Disease Reporting for the month October 2022





Sub-Directorate Epidemiology Directorate Animal Health 22 February 2023

## Introduction

According to the Animal Diseases Act, 1984 (Act 35 of 1984) Controlled and Notifiable Diseases must be reported to the local State Veterinarian. The local State Veterinarian compiles a monthly report on diseases that occurred in his/her State Vet Area and submits this report to the Provincial Director of Veterinary Services. At a Provincial level, all these reports are combined to compile a disease report for the province and this report is submitted to the Sub-Directorate Epidemiology in the Directorate Animal Health at the Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development. All the provincial reports are combined to compile a national disease report.

#### Purpose of disease reporting

Reasons for disease reporting are:

- Proof of freedom
- Detection of outbreaks of important diseases
  - o Prevent the spread of the disease
  - Institute control programs
  - Eradication of a disease
  - Warn neighbouring farmers/trade partners/neighbouring countries
  - Prevent the spread/occurrence of a disease in humans, e.g. rabies
  - Decrease the economic impact of a disease
  - Prevent spread of diseases to trading partners
- Disease control

#### Summary Statistics of the October 2022 report

Total number of outbreak and vaccination reports (data lines)	3,997
Total number of outbreaks	219
Total number of animals involved (cases)	3,661
Total number of diseases involved in outbreaks	46
Total number of State Vet Areas that reported	110
Total number of Local Municipalities reported from	165
Total number of species involved in outbreaks	17

## **Reported Disease Outbreaks**

The following tables indicate the disease outbreaks reported by the Provincial Veterinary Services.

#### **Controlled Diseases**

The following table indicates the reports of Controlled Diseases

	Eastern Cape Province	Free State	Gauteng	Kruger National Park	KwaZulu-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	North West Province	Northern Cape Province	Western Cape Province	Total
African Horse Sickness	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
African Swine Fever	2	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	7
Avian Influenza: Highly Pathogenic: All HP, H5 And H7 / Fowl Plague	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	4
Avian Influenza: Low Pathogenic: Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4
Avian Influenza: Non-Pathogenic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Bovine Brucellosis (Brucella abortus)	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	9
Bovine Tuberculosis (Mycobacterium bovis)	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Fowl Typhoid (Salmonella gallinarum)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Rabies	10	3	0	0	48	0	0	0	2	0	63
Salmonella enteritidis	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	5
Sheep Scab	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5
Viral Haemorrhagic Disease of Rabbits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	13
Total	14	7	9	3	52	0	2	3	5	22	115

## Notifiable diseases

The following table indicates the reports of Notifiable diseases

	Eastern Cape Province	Free State	Gauteng	Kruger National Park	KwaZulu-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	North West Province	Northern Cape Province	Western Cape Province	Total
Bovine Malignant Catarrhal fever	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Lumpy Skin Disease	1	1	0	0	0	3	12	0	0	0	17
Total	1	2	0	0	0	3	12	0	0	0	18

## **Other diseases**

The following table indicates the reports of diseases that are not Controlled or Notifiable. Reporting of these diseases are not compulsory.

	Eastern Cape Province	Free State	Gauteng	Kruger National Park	KwaZulu-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	North West Province	Northern Cape Province	Western Cape Province	Total
Anaplasmosis	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	4
Babesiosis (Redwater)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Brucella Ovis Infection (Ovine Epididymitis)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Canine Babesioses	1	5	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	11
Canine Distemper	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	7
Canine Ehrlichia	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	7
Canine Parvo Virus	0	5	0	0	0	19	1	0	0	0	25
Coccidiosis	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	4
Contagious Ophthalmia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Contagious Pustular Dermatitis / Orf	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Cysticercosis (Cysticercus bovis)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
Foot-Rot	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
Heartwater	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	0	12
Mycoplasmosis (Mycoplasma gallicepticum)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Sarcoptic Mange	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	4
Total	1	15	0	0	0	38	20	3	7	2	86

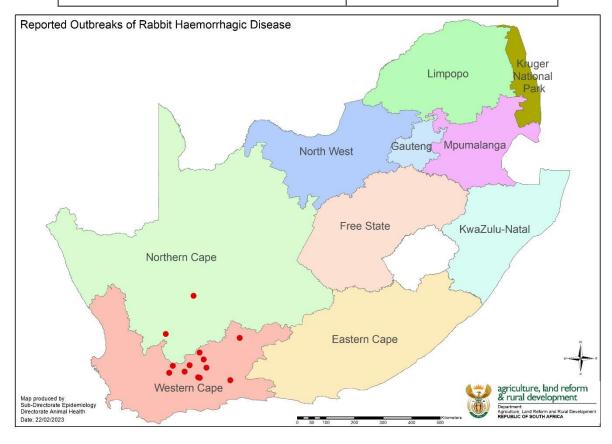
# Information and maps of Specific Diseases

## Rabbit Haemorrhagic Disease (RHD)

The first occurrence of Rabbit Haemorrhagic disease in South Africa was detected after large numbers of rabbits and hares died.

The following table indicates the number of reported RHD outbreaks per province

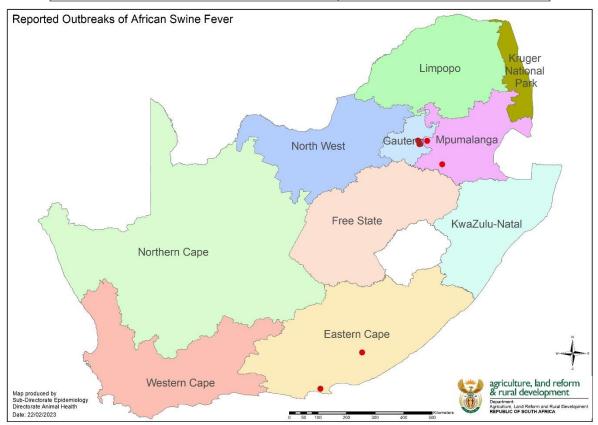
Province	Number of reported outbreaks
Northern Cape Province	2
Western Cape Province	11



## African swine fever (ASF)

The following table indicates the number of reported ASF outbreaks per province

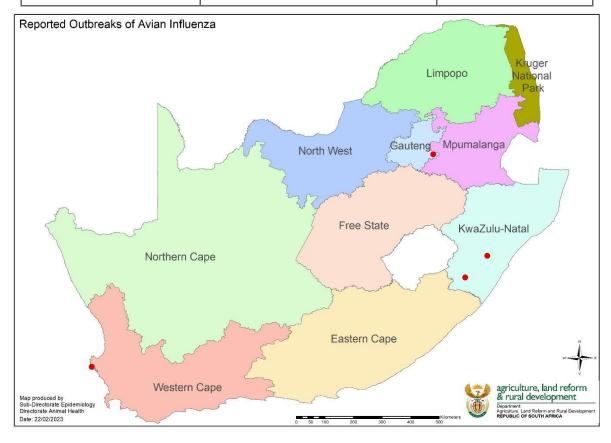
Province	Number of reported outbreaks
Eastern Cape Province	2
Gauteng	3
Mpumalanga	2



## **Avian Influenza**

The following table indicates the number of reported Avian Influenza outbreaks per province

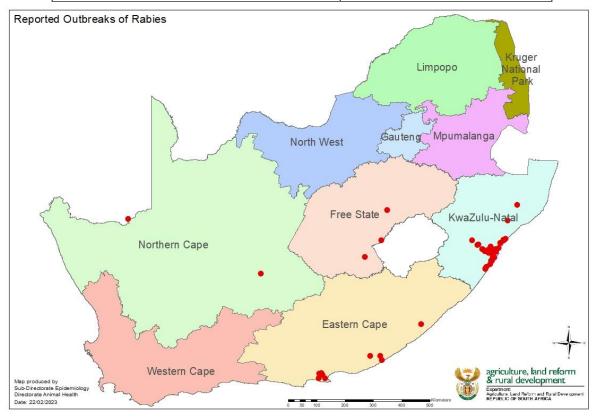
Province	Avian Influenza Strain	Number of reported outbreaks
Gauteng	Avian Influenza: Highly Pathogenic: All HP, H5 And H7 / Fowl Plague	1
KwaZulu-Natal	Avian Influenza: Highly Pathogenic: All HP, H5 And H7 / Fowl Plague	2
Western Cape Province	Avian Influenza: Highly Pathogenic: All HP, H5 And H7 / Fowl Plague	1



#### **Rabies**

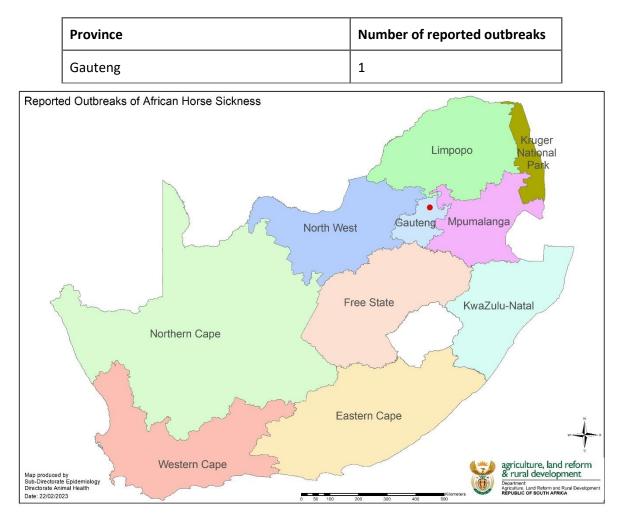
The following table indicates the number of reported rabies outbreaks per province

Province	Number of reported outbreaks
Eastern Cape Province	10
Free State	3
KwaZulu-Natal	48
Northern Cape Province	2



## African Horse Sickness

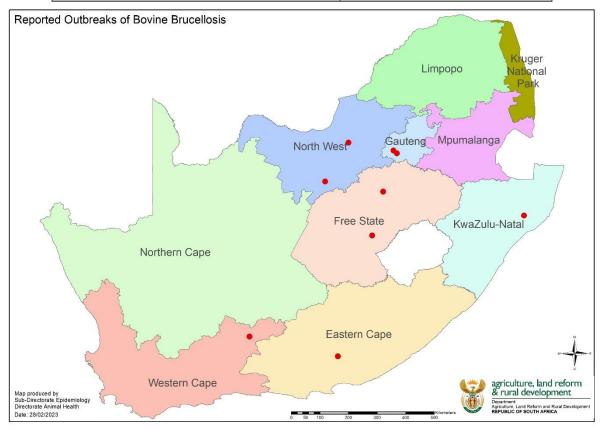
The following table indicates the number of reported AHS outbreaks per province



#### **Bovine Brucellosis**

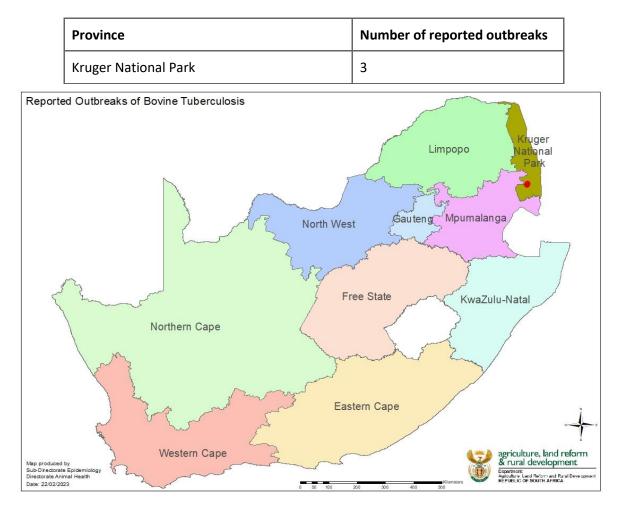
The following table indicates the number of reported Bovine Brucellosis outbreaks per province

Province	Number of reported outbreaks
Eastern Cape Province	1
Free State	2
Gauteng	2
KwaZulu-Natal	1
North West Province	2
Western Cape Province	1



## **Bovine Tuberculosis**

The following table indicates the number of reported Bovine Tuberculosis outbreaks per province



## Disclaimer

Please take note that this report was automatically compiled using R, R-Studio, several R packages and the South African Animal Health Information System (SAAHIS). Any errors in the data will be copied verbatim into this report.

The data in this report only reflects reports received from the Provincial Veterinary Services and the data was not collected for the purposes of research. Any interpretation of this data should be done with full consideration of the situation on the ground and South Africa's Disease Reporting System.

For further details please contact the Sub-Directorate Epidemiology, Directorate Animal Health (<u>Epidemiology@dalrrd.gov.za</u>).

## References

Directorate Animal Health, 2020, 'South African Animal Health Information System'.

- Gohel, D., 2018, 'officer: Manipulation of Microsoft Word and PowerPoint Documents ', from <u>https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=officer</u>.
- R Core Team, 2018, 'R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing', from <u>http://www.r-project.org/</u>.
- Ripley, B. & Lapsley, M., 2018, 'RODBC: ODBC Database Access', from <u>http://cran.r-project.org/package=RODBC</u>.
- RStudio Team, 2018, 'RStudio: Integrated Development Environment for R', from <u>http://www.rstudio.com/</u>.